## **Public Research Dissemination Seminar**

## Innovative Pathways: Indigenous Research in Canada

## Ilisimatusarfik, University of Greenland, Nuuk, October 28, 2025

Time	Names	Title	Abstract	Short summary
10:00	Name to be confirm Ilisimatusarfik, University of Greenland	Introduction of the topic:  Co-hosting the seminar	Moderator:  Introduces the presenters and the agenda of the day.	
	Suzy Basile, professor, School of Indigenous Studies, Université du Québec en Abitibi- Témiscamingu e (UQAT)	*Je propose de vous laisser présenter et je vais coprésider le séminaire pour le moment.	*L'ordre des présentations n'est pas définitif, provisoire pour le moment.	
10:30	Francis Lévesque, Professor & Director of the School of Indigenous studies, UQAT	UQAT's School of Indigenous Studies: A history of successes and challenges.	Created in 2016, UQAT's School of Indigenous Studies is a unique department in Quebec. It was established to support and expand a growing range of programs designed in collaboration with Indigenous communities and grounded in their priorities and ways of knowing. The SIS is committed to providing culturally safe and inclusive education. Its programs attract both Indigenous and non-Indigenous students and are delivered in very small cohorts either in English or French, sometimes in person, often online. Many of SIS's students are the first in their families to attend university and need	1

			sustained academic and personal support. Faculty and staff work closely with UQAT's Indigenous Student Services to offer individualized, person-centred assistance that addresses physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual needs. Despite the challenges of scale and language, ÉÉA's approach has proven successful, and its faculty actively contribute to research on issues ranging from land governance and legal traditions to health, women's issues, forestry, and Indigenous—non-Indigenous relations. All research is codeveloped with Indigenous partners and grounded in Indigenous ethical frameworks. This presentation invites a dialogue on the pedagogical strategies, institutional supports, and shared challenges involved in building meaningful Indigenous-centred education.	
			Q&A utes break	
		1		
11:15	Natasha Ita	The Road to 2030: Building	Inuit Nunangat University (INU), scheduled to	Inuit Nunangat University (INU), scheduled
	MacDonald, Inuit	the Inuit Nunangat University	launch by 2030, is the first university in the Arctic created to serve all four Inuit regions of	to launch by 2030, is the first university in the Arctic created to serve all four Inuit regions
	Consultant at	Offiversity	Canada. Guided by Inuit maligait and	of Canada. Guided by Inuit maligait and
	Silattusarniq		founded on Inuit knowledge, language, and	founded on Inuit knowledge, language, and
	Community		traditions, INU's mission is to reclaim and	traditions, INU's mission is to reclaim and
	Solutions		revitalize Inuit education while fostering	revitalize Inuit education while fostering
	Consulting		future generations of leaders grounded in	future generations of leaders grounded in
	_		Inuit values. This presentation shares	Inuit values. INU embodies the principle of
			progress on the development of INU's	Inuit Unity, offering unique opportunities for
			foundational academic and research	education, research, and collaboration
			policies, which ensure that post-secondary	across Inuit Nunangat and internationally,
			education and inquiry reflect Inuit	with the goal of enriching Arctic communities
			worldviews, uphold intellectual freedom,	and contributing to global knowledge.
			and support student wellbeing. Anchored in	
			the INU Charter, we affirm that Inuit have	

			been self-governing and self-sustaining since time immemorial, and despite colonial hardship, our culture and language continue to prevail. INU embodies the principle of Inuit Unity, offering unique opportunities for education, research, and collaboration across Inuit Nunangat and internationally, with the goal of enriching Arctic communities and contributing to global knowledge.  Bio:  Natasha Ita MacDonald, an Inuk originally from Kuujjuaraapik, Nunavik, recently completed her PhD at Concordia University, earning the Governor General's Gold Medal for research on Inuit-led approaches to decolonizing education and protecting Inuktitut through Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit. She founded Silattusarniq Community Solutions Consulting to advance Inuit-driven research, evaluation, and training rooted in Inuit values. Currently, she is co-developing the action plan for Inuit Nunangat University with Inuit Tapiriit Kanatami, while her research focuses on decolonizing tuberculosis responses.	
		C	Q&A	
11:45	Magalie Quintal- Marineau, Associate Professor, Institut national de la recherche scientifique	Rooted in Care: Inuit Economic Practices and the Limits of Colonial Integration	This presentation investigates employment as a central mechanism of colonial intervention aimed at incorporating the Canadian North and Inuit populations into the global capitalist economy. It critically examines the concept of the Indigenous northern economy, which, unlike conventional Western economic frameworks, is deeply embedded in the fabric of daily life and grounded in networks of care,	This presentation explores employment in the Canadian Arctic, with a focus on how Inuit communities are reimagining work. It examines the Indigenous northern economy, which is rooted in care, reciprocity, and relationships—offering a sharp contrast to mainstream economic models. Through two case studies from Nunavik, it highlights how Inuit-led organizations are redefining the meaning of

	1	1	T	
	(INRS), Centre		reciprocity, and relationality. By foregrounding	work in line with Inuit values. The presentation
	Urbanisation		care as an organizing principle, the Indigenous	ultimately calls for a decolonial approach that
	Culture Société		northern economy presents a fundamentally	honors Inuit knowledge, practices, and ways of
			different epistemological and ontological	life.
			orientation toward work, value, and	
			community well-being. Drawing on two	
			ethnographic case studies from organizations in	
			Nunavik, this analysis illuminates the complex	
			entanglements between employment,	
			economic activity, and care practices. These	
			cases reveal how inuit-led institutions	
			reconfigure the meaning and function of	
			employment, challenging dominant economic	
			paradigms and offering alternative models	
			rooted in Inuit worldviews. Ultimately, the	
			presentation highlights the need to rethink	
			economic integration through a decolonial lens	
			that centers Inuit agency, knowledge systems,	
			and social relations.	
			Q&A	
12:15		60 minute	s lunch break	
		1		0-1
1:15	Laurie Paquin,	Drilling through the land:	Throughout colonization, extractivism has	Colonial resource extraction has reshaped
PM	Ph. D.	Tensions between	reorganized ancestral lands and traditional	Indigenous lands and ways of life, impacting
	candidate,	resource extraction and	ways of living of Indigenous Peoples, which	traditional knowledge transmission and
	School of	Indigenous rights	has resulted in the erosion of ancestral	community relationships. Today, climate
	Indigenous		knowledge and a reversal of traditional social	change is making mineral resources more
	Studies, UQAT		and economic models. As climate change	accessible and demand increases, placing
			facilitates accessibility to mineral resources,	Greenland and Canada at the center of
			Greenland and Canada are now a focal point	global mining interests. This presentation
			for global extractive interests. This	reviews how extractive projects intersect
			presentation, based on a narrative literature	with Indigenous peoples rights and how
			review, aims to analyze the sociopolitical	colonial legacies and evolving mining
			tensions between resource extraction and	relations continue to influence land use,
			the rights of Indigenous Peoples in	relationships, and self-determination.
1			Greenland and Canada, drawing on the	
1			United Nations Declaration on the Rights of	
			Indigenous Peoples. This analysis explores	

		_	how the colonial legacy and Greenland and Canada's evolving relationship with mining industries continues to shape power dynamics regarding the land, gender relations and self-determination. In conclusion, this presentation highlights both critical challenges and potential opportunities to protect Indigenous rights in the face of increasing economic pressures, social and political tensions and environmental crises.	
1:45 PM	Ioana Radu, Professor, School of Indigenous Studies, UQAT	The role of community-driven culture-based Indigenous wellness initiatives for health system governance: assessing kinship approaches to building local agency	There is broad consensus among scholars and practitioners that wellness interventions predicated on Indigenous paradigms of health and wellbeing are essential for program acceptability and effectiveness, improving access to culturally responsive care, and safeguarding community control and ownership of programs and services. Within this context, family and kinship-based approaches have been increasingly designed and operationalized in various domains including, child welfare, addictions treatment, maternal and child health, and justice. Notwithstanding the broad acknowledgement of the central role of family and kinship networks in both wellness interventions and health system change, studies continue to focus on individual outcomes. The presentation will provide a summary of a research project, codeveloped in collaboration with Inshiyuu Miyupimaatissiiun (Chisasibi Wellness) from the Cree Nation of Chisasibi, that focuses on the role of kinship as a primary driver of health system governance by exploring how it contributes to developing local leadership and engagement in the design and delivery of	Indigenous-led wellness programs focused on family and kinship are widely considered the most effective way to improve health outcomes and give communities ownership of their services. While this approach is gaining traction most studies still focus on individual results, ignoring the central role of family networks. The presentation will provide a summary of a research project, codeveloped in collaboration with Inshiyuu Miyupimaatissiiun (Chisasibi Wellness) from the Cree Nation of Chisasibi, that focuses on the role of kinship in developing local leadership and engagement in the design and delivery of wellness initiatives.

			wellness initiatives Come preliminary findings	1
			wellness initiatives. Some preliminary findings	
			from two discussion sessions with community	
			elders conducted in 2024 and 2025 will be	
			presented in detail.	
			Q&A	
		15 mi	nutes break	
2:30	Sébastien	Official Words, Living	Since the early 21st century, there has been a	Since the early 2000s, more countries have
PM	Brodeur-	Languages: Indigenous	growing global trend toward the official	been giving official recognition to Indigenous
	Girard,	Language Legislation	recognition of Indigenous languages, often	languages through laws or constitutional
	Professor,	Across the Circumpolar	through language legislation or constitutional	measures. Yet this recognition often says little
	School of	Region	provisions. However, the relationship between	about what happens in practice. Official bodies
	Indigenous	_	this legal recognition and the realities on the	may overstate the impact of these measures,
	Studies, UQAT		ground remains underexplored. The actual	while real progress often comes from local,
	,		effectiveness of such legal frameworks is	community-driven initiatives. This talk
			frequently taken for granted, especially by	compares legislation from several northern
			official bodies—including language oversight	regions, looking at their values, scope, and
			institutions—which may overstate their impact	common patterns, to better understand what
			to legitimize their mandates. Meanwhile,	these laws actually change—if anything—on
			grassroots language revitalization efforts often	the ground.
			operate independently of legislative support,	the ground.
			driven by community agency and local	
			initiatives. To better understand the legal	
			effectiveness of these recognition frameworks,	
			this presentation offers a comparative analysis	
			of Indigenous language legislation across	
			several northern jurisdictions. We will examine	
			the values and principles underpinning the	
			major laws, as well as their scope and reach, to	
			identify emerging patterns among the different	
			territorial contexts. This analysis aims to enrich	
			our understanding of the broader socio-legal	
			ecosystem and lays the groundwork for deeper	
			inquiry into the actual implementation of these	
			legal measures.	
			Q&A	
	l .		I .	

3:00	Lydia Risi	Reimagining sex	While recent literature has documented the	This presentation shares how sex research
PM	PhD candidate,	research as a pleasure	institutional, professional, and personal	can also be pleasurable, not only difficult.
	Populations	practice	challenges that researchers face when	Based on my doctoral project about
	Studies		studying sex and sexuality, the current	women's experiences of sexual pleasure in
	INRS-UCS		project aims to highlight how can create the	Nunavik, Canada, I show how care, visiting,
			conditions for making sex research	and beading were part of the research from
			pleasurable. Drawing from my doctoral	the beginning to the first analysis. These
			research on women's experiences of sexual	practices create a safe and warm space for
			pleasure in Nunavik, Canada, I will discuss	women to share their stories. They also gave
			how practices of care, visiting, and beading	me, as a researcher, a feeling of connection
			are intentionally woven into my research,	and joy. The findings suggest that in Arctic
			from conception through to the early stages	communities, a focus on strengths and
			of analysis. Preliminary findings reveal that	relationships can make research about sex
			creating space for relational practices not	and sexuality positive and transformative for
			only supports participants in feeling safe to	everyone involved.
			share intimate stories, but also nourishes the	
			researcher's own sense of connection,	
			purpose, and joy. These findings highlight	
			how a strength-based approach can make	
			sex and sexuality research in an Arctic	
			context both pleasurable and transformative	
			for the researcher and for participants alike.	
		(	Q&A	
3:30	Suzy Basile	Conclusion		
PM				
4:00			Signing of the Collaboration Agreement	
PM			between Ilisimatusarfik and the Université du	
			Québec en Abitibi-Témiscamingue (UQAT)	